Q.P. Code: 18ME0348

	R	eg. No:	
		SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR	
		(AUTONOMOUS)	
		TUEDMAL & FLUID ENCOMPTON December-2021	
		THERMAL & FLUID ENGINEERING	
	Tir	me: 3 hours	
		PART-A	
1		(Answer all the Questions $5 \times 2 = 10$ Marks)	
1	1	a Explain the following terms ,State	2M
		• What are the Boiler mountings	2M
	•	What are the assumptions of Bernoulli's Equation?	2M
	(What are needs of Water cooling in thermal power plant	2M
	(Explain Hydroelectric power	2M
		$\frac{PART-B}{PART-B}$	
2		$\frac{\text{UNIT-I}}{\text{UNIT-I}}$	
2		What the different type feed water treatments in thermal power plant and explain any one? OR	10M
3	8	Explain the factor to be considered for selection of site for hydroelectric power plant.	5M
	k	Differentiate between the boiler and condenser.	5M
4	9	UNIT-II	
-		• Derive an expression for the availability of an open system.	SM
	h	What are the limit of a full Dial are	JIVI
	b	What are the limitations of the First law of Thermodynamics?	5M
5	b a	What are the limitations of the First law of Thermodynamics? OR Derive an expression for the availability of an open system	5M 5M
5	b a b	 What are the limitations of the First law of Thermodynamics? OR Derive an expression for the availability of an open system. Establish the equivalence of Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements. 	5M 5M 5M 5M
5	k a b	 What are the limitations of the First law of Thermodynamics? OR Derive an expression for the availability of an open system. Establish the equivalence of Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements. UNIT-III 	5M 5M 5M 5M
5	b a b a	 What are the limitations of the First law of Thermodynamics? OR Derive an expression for the availability of an open system. Establish the equivalence of Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements. UNIT-III Explain Limitations of Carnot cycle. 	5M 5M 5M 5M 5M
5	b a b a b	 What are the limitations of the First law of Thermodynamics? OR Derive an expression for the availability of an open system. Establish the equivalence of Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements. UNIT-III Explain Limitations of Carnot cycle. Find the change in enthalpy and entropy of steam, initial pressure 10 bar and 0.98 then it will reach 20 bar and 350 temperature. 	5M 5M 5M 5M 5M 5M
5 6 7	b a b a b	 What are the limitations of the First law of Thermodynamics? OR Derive an expression for the availability of an open system. Establish the equivalence of Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements. UNIT-III Explain Limitations of Carnot cycle. Find the change in enthalpy and entropy of steam, initial pressure 10 bar and 0.98 then it will reach 20 bar and 350 temperature. 	5M 5M 5M 5M 5M 5M
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5 6 7	b a b a b E (i	 What are the limitations of the First law of Thermodynamics? OR Derive an expression for the availability of an open system. Establish the equivalence of Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements. UNIT-III Explain Limitations of Carnot cycle. Find the change in enthalpy and entropy of steam, initial pressure 10 bar and 0.98 then it will reach 20 bar and 350 temperature. OR Explain the terms with neat sketch. Economizer, (ii) Air preheater, (iii) Convective super heater 	5M 5M 5M 5M 5M 10M
5 6 7 8	b a b a b E (i a	 What are the limitations of the First law of Thermodynamics? OR Derive an expression for the availability of an open system. Establish the equivalence of Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements. UNIT-III Explain Limitations of Carnot cycle. Find the change in enthalpy and entropy of steam, initial pressure 10 bar and 0.98 then it will reach 20 bar and 350 temperature. OR Explain the terms with neat sketch. Economizer, (ii) Air preheater, (iii) Convective super heater UNIT-IV 	5M 5M 5M 5M 5M 10M
5 6 7 8	b a b a b E (i a b	 What are the limitations of the First law of Thermodynamics? OR Derive an expression for the availability of an open system. Establish the equivalence of Kelvin-Planck and Clausius statements. UNIT-III Explain Limitations of Carnot cycle. Find the change in enthalpy and entropy of steam, initial pressure 10 bar and 0.98 then it will reach 20 bar and 350 temperature. OR Explain the terms with neat sketch. Economizer, (ii) Air preheater, (iii) Convective super heater UNIT-IV Explain the types of fluid flows. Two square flat plates of size 50 cm X 50 cm are spaced 12 mm apart and the areas 	5M 5M 5M 5M 5M 10M
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20 cm diameter pipe is 2 m/s.

UNIT-V

R18

5M

5M

- **10** a What is a venturimeter? Derive an expression for the discharge through a venturimeter.
 - **b** An orifice-meter with orifice diameter 15 cm is inserted in a pipe of 30 cm diameter. The pressure gauges fitted upstream and downstream of the orifice meter give readings of 14.715 N/cm2 and 9.81 N/cm2 respectively. Find the rate of flow of water through the pipe in liters/s. Take C = 0.6.

OR

a What is a orifice meter? Derive an expression for the discharge through a orifice meter.
b A horizontal venturimeter with inlet and throat diameters 30 cm and 15 cm respectively is used to measure the flow of water. The reading of differential manometer connected to inlet and throat is 10 cm of mercury. Determine the rate of flow. Take C = 0.98.

END